

Competition Manual



MISSION STATEMENT:

We promote a FUN, introductory, competitive experience for all participants.

Compete USA is designed to promote a positive competition experience at the grassroots level and have successfully increased skating participation while generating enthusiasm. Compete USA competitions incorporate skills from Learn to Skate USA and U.S. Figure Skating into a competitive format that can be easily and successfully conducted by registered Learn to Skate USA programs or a U.S. Figure Skating member club.

The competition is open to all skaters who are current members of a Learn to Skate USA Program and/or are full members of U.S. Figure Skating. Non-members are eligible to register for competition but must be a registered Learn to Skate USA or U.S. Figure Skating member to compete. There should be no more than six competitors maximum in a group, and all six should receive an award.

Several references in this manual will be made to U.S. Figure Skating rules, which can be found in the official U.S. Figure Skating rulebook.

The ideas presented in this manual are meant to assist you in designing and running your competition. Remember to keep the best interests of the skater in mind. Feel free to add additional events to enhance the success and enjoyment of your competition.

For further information on skating, Learn to Skate USA skating programs, membership, events or any questions about the materials presented in this manual, please contact: <u>info@learntoskateusa.com</u> <u>memberservices@learntoskateusa.com</u> (877) 587-1400

RULES FOR CONDUCTING A COMPETE USA COMPETITION

3110 Compete USA Competitions – Sanctions

3111 Compete USA competitions may include events for skaters who have passed no higher than the preliminary free skate, preliminary dance or adult bronze free skate tests without applying for a U.S. Figure Skating sanction. However, an approval number is required and may be obtained from the appointed Learn to Skate USA representatives. See also rule 3112.

3112 When a Compete USA competition is held in conjunction with a sanctioned nonqualifying competition, the event descriptions must be approved by the Learn to Skate USA regional representative.

3120 Compete USA Competitions – Officials

3121 For Compete USA competitions, three judges not related to the competitors are required for each event. Judges may be any official U.S. Figure Skating or Skate Canada judge or any other qualified eligible or ineligible person in skating who is a U.S. Figure Skating member and/or a Learn to Skate USA member.

3122 For Compete USA competitions, the member club or other organization sponsoring and conducting the competition shall approve all judges and officials. All persons serving as judges and officials shall be at least 16 years of age.

3130 Compete USA Competitions – Announcements

3131 For all Compete USA competitions, a copy of the announcement and an approval request shall be sent to the appointed Learn to Skate USA representative for approval and issuance of a Learn to Skate USA approval number 30 days prior to the release of the competition announcement to the public. The approval is to be publicly displayed during the competition.

3132 Compete USA competitions will follow the event structure as outlined in the Compete USA Competition Manual. Any registered Learn to Skate USA group may conduct a Compete USA competition.

3133 When Compete USA competitions are held on the home ice of a U.S. Figure Skating member club, the member club shall be designated as the sponsoring club.

3134 Compete USA competitions may be:

A. In house — the competition is available only to those skaters who are members of the club or group conducting the competition, or

B. Open — the competition is available to any registered U.S. Figure Skating Learn to Skate USA member or full U.S. Figure Skating member.

3045 Entries

At nonqualifying competitions, if only one eligible competitor/team enters an event, the competitor/team will be offered the option to skate an exhibition or, for pre-juvenile and lower singles events, compete in an equivalent event against skaters of the opposite gender. A. If said competitor chooses to skate an exhibition, judges will award their marks according to the rules and the applicable scoring system used, and the competitor/team will receive first place. B. If said competitor chooses to compete in an equivalent event against skaters of the opposite gender, the skater will be entered accordingly. C. If said competitor/team chooses not to skate, the entry fee will be refunded, and the event will be cancelled.

ELIGIBILITY RULES FOR PARTICIPANTS

The competition is open to ALL skaters who are current eligible (ER 1.00) members of either Learn to Skate USA and those who are full members of U.S. Figure Skating. Members of other organizations are eligible to compete but must be registered with Learn to Skate USA or a member club. There will be no more than six competitors maximum in an event and all six should receive an award.

Eligibility and Test Requirements:

Eligibility will be based on skill level as of closing date of entries. All **Snowplow Sam and Basic 1-6** skaters must skate at highest level passed or one level higher and NO official U.S. Figure Skating tests may have been passed, including Moves in the Field or individual dances.

For the **Pre-Free Skate, Free Skate 1-6, Excel, Well Balanced, and Adult levels** eligibility will be based only upon highest free skate test level passed. Moves in the Field test level will not determine skater's competitive level. Skaters may skate at highest level passed OR one level higher, but not both levels in the same event during the same competition. Skaters may not compete at more than one level in the same type event at the same competition.

It is very important to the success of the competition that skaters are placed in the correct divisions. If, for whatever reason, the Local Organizing Committee (LOC) discovers that a skater has been placed in a category that is below his/her class level, the chair and referee will have the option to move the skater into the proper division, even if it is the day of the competition. This will ensure that every event is as fair as possible to the competitors. It is an ethical violation for coaches to sandbag an event.

ELIGIBILITY RULES FOR COACHES/INSTRUCTORS

When hosting a Compete USA competition, it is important that you verify the compliance of each coach/instructor who plans to coach on-site at the event. You can verify the status of coaches/instructors by checking the lists on <u>www.usfigureskating.org</u> by going to the Coaches page and clicking on the Information for Clubs. For Learn to Skate USA instructor verification, log in to the Management System, then Program Admin, Program Management and Instructor Compliance.

To be credentialed at a Compete USA event, coaches/instructors are required to have:

- Learn to Skate USA Instructor membership OR U.S. Figure Skating full membership
- SafeSport training completed (for coaches/instructors 18 years old and older)
- Background check successfully passed (for coaches/instructors 18 years old and over)
- Learn to Skate USA Instructor Certification completed OR U.S. Figure Skating compliant coach (for coaches under 18 years old)

*SafeSport training is available through <u>www.usfsaonline.org</u> for full members of U.S. Figure Skating and through Learn to Skate USA portal for instructors. There is no cost to this training.

If a coach/instructor attempts to work at your event without the proper credentials, he or she is in violation of U.S. Figure Skating ethics and code of conduct rules and, as such, is subject to disciplinary action.

All officials and adult volunteers attending Compete USA events must also be SafeSport compliant.

APPROVAL PROCEDURE FOR HOSTING A COMPETE USA COMPETITION

To improve the quality and uniformity of Compete USA competitions, the Learn to Skate USA Sub-Committee **requires** all Compete USA competitions to follow the guidelines as set forth in the Compete USA Manual.

The **appointed** Learn to Skate USA representative for your region must approve these competitions before the announcement is made public.

Appointed Regional Competition Approval Representatives:

Upper Great Lakes:	Kim Johnson	kimberly.r.johnson@att.net
Southwest:	Susi Wehrli McLaughlin	<u>swehrli@usfigureskating.org</u>
Eastern Great Lakes:	Suzy Malloure	suzymalloure@gmail.com
New England:	Michael Masionis	<pre>lceXpo@aol.com</pre>
Northwest Pacific:	Patti Brinkley	<u>pattyskate@gmail.com</u>
Central Pacific:	Katie Moose	<u>sk8tiemoose@yahoo.com</u>
Southwest Pacific:	Mark Fitzgerald	m.fitzgerald@me.com
North Atlantic:	Michael Masionis	<pre>lceXpo@aol.com</pre>
South Atlantic:	Kent Johnson	<u>sk8johnson@hotmail.com</u>

Steps for Approval- (To apply you must be a Learn to Skate USA Director or Assistant Director)

1. Visit the "Admin" section of the Learn to Skate USA Management System, click on Approvals & Special Events then select competitions.

- 2. Log in with your membership number and password information.
- 3. Go to the "Approvals & Special Events" section.
- 4. Click on "Competitions."
- 5. On the "Competitions" page, click on "Create New Application".

6. Type in your competition information and browse your files to find your competition announcement. Click "Upload Announcement."

7. An email will then be sent to the Compete USA Competition Approver in your region.

8. They will then approve your document and you will receive confirmation with your certificate to display at your arena during your event.

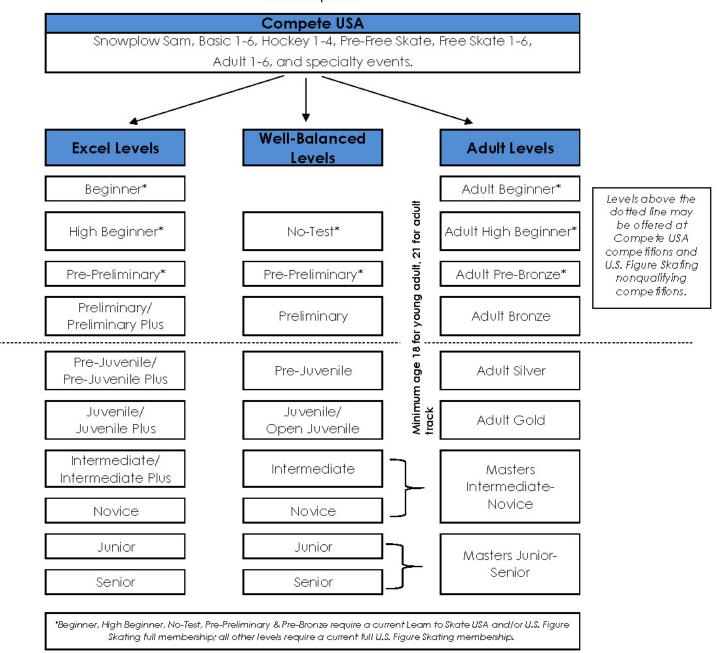
If you have any questions about hosting a Compete USA competition, please contact Learn to Skate USA at <u>memberservices@learntoskateusa.com</u>





COMPETITIVE PROGRESSION THROUGH THE LEVELS OF U.S FIGURE SKATING

Singles athletes begin with Compete USA competitions. Once athletes begin the official U.S. Figure Skating test structure, they can choose to enter the Excel, Well-Balanced or Adult levels as appropriate for their ability, test level, and age. Test requirements are the same for the Excel and Well-Balanced levels. It is completely the choice of the athlete which track to follow; athletes may switch between tracks as best suits their development, but may not enter the same type of event in multiple tracks. Competitive level is determined by highest free skate test passed.





SNOWPLOW SAM – BASIC 6 ELEMENTS

Two format options for the Elements Event:

- 1. Each skater will perform each element when directed by a judge/referee OR
- Skater will perform one element at a time in the <u>order listed below</u> (no excessive connecting steps or choreography)
 Judge/referee directed example: all skaters perform first element before moving on to the next and so on,

or each skater performs all of the required elements before moving on to the next skater.

- To be skated on 1/3 to 1/2 ice (determined by the LOC)
- No music
- Divide Snowplow Sam skaters by level (1-4), if registrations warrant
- <u>All elements must be skated in the order listed.</u>

Level	Time	Skating rules/standards	
		 March followed by a two-foot glide and dip 	
Snowplow	1:00 max.	 Forward two-foot swizzles, 2-3 in a row 	
Sam		Forward snowplow stop	
		 Backward wiggles, 2-6 in a row 	
		Forward two-foot glide and dip	
Basic 1	1:00 max.	 Forward two-foot swizzles, 6-8 in a row 	
		 Beginning snowplow stop on two-feet or one-foot 	
		 Backward wiggles, 6-8 in a row 	
		 Forward one-foot glide (no variations), either foot 	
Basic 2	1:00 max.	 Scooter pushes, right and left foot, 2-3 each foot 	
		Moving snowplow stop	
		 Two-foot turn in place, forward to backward 	
		 Backward two-foot swizzles, 6-8 in a row 	
		 Beginning forward stroking showing correct use of blade 	
Basic 3	1:00 max.	• Forward ½ swizzle pumps on a circle, either clockwise or counterclockwise, 4-6	
		consecutive	
		Forward slalom	
		 Moving forward to backward two-foot turn on a circle 	
		 Beginning backward one-foot glide, either foot 	
		 Forward outside edge on a circle, clockwise or counterclockwise 	
Basic 4	1:00 max.	 Forward crossovers, 4-6 consecutive, clockwise and counterclockwise 	
		 Backward ½ swizzle pumps on a circle, either clockwise or counterclockwise, 4-6 	
		consecutive	
		 Backward one-foot glides (no variations), right and left 	
		Beginning two-foot spin, maximum 4 revolutions	
		 Backward outside edge on a circle, clockwise or counterclockwise 	
		 Backward crossovers, 4-6 consecutive, clockwise and counterclockwise 	
Basic 5	1:00 max.	 Forward outside three-turn, right and left 	
		 Advanced two-foot spin, minimum 4 revolutions 	
		Hockey stop	
		Forward inside three-turn, right and left	
Basic 6	1:00 max.	Bunny Hop	
		 Basic forward spiral on a straight line (no variations), right or left 	
		Beginning one-foot spin, maximum 3 revolutions, optional free leg held position and	
		entry	
		• T-stop, right or left	



SNOWPLOW SAM – BASIC 6 PROGRAM WITH MUSIC

Format: The skating order of the required elements is optional. The elements are not restricted as to the number of times the element is executed or length of glides, number of revolutions, etc., unless otherwise specified.

- To be skated on full ice with music.
- The skater may use elements from a previous level.
- A 0.2 deduction will be taken for each element performed from a higher level. Bonus skills from the same level or below are allowed but will not be judged elements.
- Divide Snowplow Sam skaters by level (1-4), if registrations warrant

Level	Time	Skating rules/standards	
		March followed by a two-foot glide and dip	
Snowplow	1:10 max.	• Forward two-foot swizzles, 2-3 in a row	
Sam		Forward snowplow stop	
		Backward wiggles, 2-6 in a row	
		Forward two-foot glide and dip	
Basic 1	1:10 max.	• Forward two-foot swizzles, 6-8 in a row	
		Beginning snowplow stop on two-feet or one-foot	
		Backward wiggles, 6-8 in a row	
		Forward one-foot glide (no variations), either foot	
Basic 2	1:10 max.	 Scooter pushes, right and left foot, 2-3 each foot 	
		Moving snowplow stop	
		Two-foot turn in place, forward to backward	
		Backward two-foot swizzles, 6-8 in a row	
		Beginning forward stroking showing correct use of blade	
Basic 3	1:10 max.	• Forward ½ swizzle pumps on a circle, either clockwise or counterclockwise, 4-6	
		consecutive	
		Forward slalom	
		 Moving forward to backward two-foot turn on a circle 	
		Beginning backward one-foot glide, either foot	
		Forward outside edge on a circle, clockwise or counterclockwise	
Basic 4	1:10 max.	 Forward crossovers, 4-6 consecutive, clockwise and counterclockwise 	
		• Backward ½ swizzle pumps on a circle, either clockwise or counterclockwise, 4-6	
		consecutive	
		 Backward one-foot glides (no variations), right and left 	
		Beginning two-foot spin, maximum 4 revolutions	
		Backward outside edge on a circle, clockwise or counterclockwise	
		 Backward crossovers, 4-6 consecutive, clockwise and counterclockwise 	
Basic 5	1:10 max.	 Forward outside three-turn, right and left 	
		Advanced two-foot spin, minimum 4 revolutions	
		Hockey stop	
		Forward inside three-turn, right and left	
Basic 6	1:10 max.	Bunny Hop	
		 Basic forward spiral on a straight line (no variations), right or left 	
		Beginning one-foot spin, maximum 3 revolutions, optional entry and free leg position	
		T-stop, right or left	



PRE-FREE SKATE – FREE SKATE 1-6 COMPULSORY

Format: In simple program form, using a limited number of connecting steps, the skating order of the required elements is optional.

- To be skated on ½ ice.
- No music
- The skater must demonstrate the required elements listed

• Bonus skills from the same level or below are allowed but will not be judged elements.

Level	Time	Skating rules/standards
Pre-Free Skate	1:15 max.	 Forward inside open Mohawk from a standstill position (R to L and L to R) Two forward crossovers into a forward inside Mohawk, step down and cross behind, step into one backward crossover and step to a forward inside edge, one set each direction clockwise and counterclockwise One-foot upright spin, optional entry and free-foot position - minimum 3 revolutions Mazurka – right or left Waltz jump
Free Skate 1	1:15 max.	 Forward stroking, 4-6 consecutive powerful strokes Backward outside three-turn, right and left One-foot upright spin, entry from backward crossovers, with free foot in crossed leg position (scratch spin) - minimum 4 revolutions Toe loop Half flip jump
Free Skate 2	1:15 max.	 Alternating forward outside spiral (right and left) and forward inside spiral (right and left) on a continuous axis Backward inside three-turn, right and left Beginning back spin, optional entry and free-foot position - maximum 3 revolutions Half Lutz
Free Skate 3	1:15 max.	 Salchow jump Alternating Mohawk/crossover sequence, right to left and left to right Waltz three-turns, 2 sets clockwise and 2 sets counterclockwise Advanced back spin with free foot in crossed leg position- minimum 3 revolutions Loop jump Waltz jump/toe loop or Salchow/toe loop jump combination
Free Skate 4	1:15 max.	 Forward power 3's, 2-3 consecutive sets, right or left Sit spin - minimum 3 revolutions Euler (half loop jump) Flip jump
Free Skate 5	1:15 max.	 Backward outside three-turn, Mohawk (backward power three-turn), 2-3 sets both directions Camel spin - minimum 3 revolutions Waltz jump/loop jump combination Lutz jump
Free Skate 6	1:15 max.	 Forward power pulls, minimum 3 on each foot Camel, sit spin combination - minimum of 4 revolutions total Waltz jump/Euler (half loop)/ Salchow jump combination Axel jump; minimum requirement is a clear attempt either stationary or moving



PRE-FREE SKATE – FREE SKATE 1-6 PROGRAM WITH MUSIC

Format: The skating order of the required elements is optional. The elements are not restricted as to the number of times an element is executed, length of glides, number of revolutions, etc., unless otherwise stated. Connecting steps and transitions should be demonstrated throughout the program.

- To be skated on full ice.
- The skater must demonstrate the required elements and may use but is not required to use any additional elements from previous levels.
- Bonus skills from the same level or below are allowed but will not be judged elements.
- A 0.2 deduction will be taken for each element performed from a higher level.

Level	Time	Skating rules/standards
		Two forward crossovers into a forward inside Mohawk, step down and cross
		behind, step into one backward crossover and step to a forward inside edge,
Pre-Free Skate	1:40 max.	one set each direction clockwise and counterclockwise
	1110 110.	 One-foot upright spin, optional entry and free-foot position- minimum 3
		revolutions
		Mazurka - right or left
		Waltz jump
		NOT ALLOWED -Waltz jump, side toe hop, waltz jump Forward stroking, 4-6 consecutive powerful strokes
Free Skate 1	1:40 max.	
THEE SKALE I	1.40 11187.	
		crossed leg position (scratch spin) - minimum 4 revolutions
		Toe loop jump
		Half flip jump
		NOT ALLOWED – Waltz jump/toe loop combination
Free Skate 2	1:40 max.	 Alternating forward outside spiral (right and left) and forward inside spiral (right and left) on a continuous price
FIEE Skale Z	1.40 max.	(right and left) on a continuous axis
		 Beginning back spin, optional entry and free-foot position, maximum 2
		revolutions
		Half Lutz Solution
		Salchow jump
		NOT ALLOWED – Waltz jump/toe loop and Salchow/toe loop combination
Free Cluste 2	1.10	Alternating Mohawk/crossover sequence, right to left and left to right
Free Skate 3	1:40 max.	 Advanced back spin with free foot in crossed leg position, minimum 3
		revolutions
		• Loop jump
		Waltz jump/toe loop or Salchow/toe loop jump combination
		NOT ALLOWED – Waltz/loop combination
	1.10	• Forward power 3's, 2-3 consecutive sets, right or left
Free Skate 4	1:40 max.	Sit spin – minimum 3 revolutions
		Euler (half loop jump)
		• Flip jump
		NOT ALLOWED – Waltz/loop and Waltz/Euler/Salchow combination
		Backward outside three-turn, Mohawk (backward power three-turn), 2-3 sets
Free Skate 5	1:40 max.	both directions
		Camel spin – minimum 3 revolutions
		Waltz/loop jump combination
		Lutz jump
		• Creative step sequence using a variety of three turns, Mohawks and toe steps,
Free Skate 6	1:40 max.	half-ice
		 Camel, sit spin combination - minimum of 4 revolutions total
		 Waltz jump/ Euler (half loop)/Salchow jump combination
		 Axel jump; minimum requirement is a clear attempt either stationary or
		moving



EXCEL COMPULSORY

Format: In simple program form, using a limited number of connecting steps, the skating order of the required elements is optional.

- To be skated on ½ ice.
- No music
- The skater must demonstrate the required elements listed
- A 0.2 deduction will be taken for each element performed from a higher level.
- Skaters may have the option to skate one level higher in compulsories than free skate program.

Level	Time	Skating rules/standards
		Toe loop jump
Excel Beginner	1:15 max.	Salchow jump
		One-foot upright spin - minimum 3 revolutions
		Choreographic step sequence
		Loop jump
Excel High	1:15 max.	Salchow/toe loop combination
Beginner		Sit spin - minimum 3 revolutions
		Choreographic step sequence
		• Flip jump
Excel Pre-	1:15 max.	Loop/loop jump combination
Preliminary		 Upright spin with change of foot – minimum 3 revolutions on each foot
		Choreographic step sequence
		Lutz jump
Excel Preliminary	1:15 max.	Flip/loop jump combination
		Camel, sit combination spin – minimum 6 revolutions total
		Choreographic step sequence

WELL BALANCED LEVELS COMPULSORY

Format: In simple program form, using a limited number of connecting steps, the skating order of the required elements is optional.

- To be skated on ½ ice.
- No music
- The skater must demonstrate the required elements listed
- A 0.2 deduction will be taken for each element performed from a higher level.
- Skaters may have the option to skate one level higher in compulsories than free skate program.

Level	Time	Skating rules/standards	
		Loop jump	
No Test	1:15 max.	 Jump combination to include a toe loop (may not use a loop or Axel) 	
		 Upright spin with change of foot – minimum 3 revolutions on each foot 	
		Choreographic step sequence	
		Lutz jump	
Pre-Preliminary	1:15 max.	 Jump combination: single/single (no Axel) 	
		• Spin with one change of position and no change of foot – minimum 6	
		revolutions total	
		Choreographic step sequence	
		Axel jump	
Preliminary	1:15 max.	 Jump combination: single/single (may include Axel) 	
		• Spin with one change of foot and one change of position – minimum 3	
		revolutions on each foot	
		Choreographic step sequence	



EXCEL FREE SKATE

- Skaters may <u>not</u> enter both a Well-Balanced Free Skate event and an Excel Free Skate event at the same competition.
- Skaters will skate to the music of their choice.
- Level will be determined by the highest Free Skate test passed. Skaters may compete at the highest level they have passed, or "skate up" to one level higher.

Excel Beginner	Maximum 4 jump elements: Jumps with no more than one-half rotation (front	Maximum 2 spins: Two upright spins No change of foot	Maximum 1 Sequence: Choreographic Step
1:40 Max.	Eulers (half loops) are not allowed.		Sequence* (ChSt) Must use one-half of the ice surface
Learn to Skate USA membership OR full U.S. Figure Skating membership required	 Maximum 2 jump combinations or sequences. One 3-jump combination is allowed Jump sequence is any listed jump immediately followed by a waltz jump Maximum 2 of any same jump 	Minimum 3 revolutions Max Level: Base	Moves in the field and spiral sequences are allowed but will not be counted as elements Jumps may be included in the step sequence
Excel High Beginner	Maximum 5 jump elements: Jumps with no more than one-half rotation (front	Maximum 2 spins: Both spins must be in a	Maximum 1 Sequence: Choreographic Step Sequence*
1:40 Max. Learn to Skate USA membership OR full U.S. Figure Skating membership required	to back or back to front) Single rotation jumps: toe loop, Salchow, Euler (half loop), loop Flip, Lutz, & Axel NOT permitted Maximum 2 jump combinations or sequences. One 3-jump combination is allowed Jump sequence is any listed jump immediately followed by a waltz jump Maximum 2 of any same jump	single position <u>No change of foot</u> No flying entry Permitted forward spins: upright, sit, camel Permitted back spins: upright Minimum 3 revolutions	(ChSt) Must use one-half of the ice surface Moves in the field and spiral sequences are allowed but will not be counted as elements Jumps may be included in the step sequence
		Max Level: Base	
Excel Pre-Preliminary 1:40 Max.	Maximum 5 jump elements: All single jumps allowed, except for the Axel No single Axels, double, or higher jumps allowed	Maximum 2 spins: One spin must be in a single position with no change of	Maximum 1 Sequence: Choreographic Step Sequence* (ChSt)
<u>Must not</u> have passed higher than U.S. Figure Skating Pre- preliminary free skate test	Number of single jumps (except single Axel) is not limited provided the maximum number of jump elements allowed is not exceeded Maximum 2 jump combinations or jump sequences	foot* One spin may change feet or position, <u>but not both</u> No flying entry Minimum 3 revolutions	Must use one-half of the ice surface Moves in the field and spiral sequences are allowed but will not be counted as elements
*means required element	Jump combinations limited to 2 jumps. One 3- jump combination is allowed	Spins must be of a different character	Jumps may be included in the step sequence
Learn to Skate USA membership <u>OR</u> full U.S. Figure Skating membership required	 Jump sequence is any listed jump immediately followed by a waltz jump 	Max Level: 1	
Excel Preliminary 1:30 +/- 10 sec.	Maximum 5 jump elements: All single jumps allowed, except for the Axel No single Axels, double, or higher jumps allowed	Maximum 2 spins: One spin must be a camel or layback spin with no change	Maximum 1 Sequence: Choreographic Step Sequence* (ChSt)
<u>Must not</u> have passed higher than U.S. Figure Skating Preliminary free skate test	Number of single jumps (except single Axel) is not limited provided the maximum number of jump elements allowed is not exceeded Maximum 2 jump combinations or jump	of foot and no change of position* One spin may change feet and/or position	Must use one-half of the ice surface Moves in the field and spiral sequences are allowed but will
*means required element	sequences Jump combinations limited to 2 jumps. One 3- jump combination is allowed	No flying entry Minimum 3 revolutions Spins must be of a different	not be counted as elements Jumps may be included in the step sequence
Full U.S. Figure Skating membership required	Jump sequence is any listed jump immediately followed by a waltz jump	character Max Level: 1	ארא



Excel Preliminary Plus	Maximum 5 jump elements:	Maximum 2 spins:	Maximum 1 Sequence:
1:30 +/- 10 sec.	All single jumps allowed, including single Axel	One spin must be in a	Choreographic Step
1.50 .7 10 500.	No double, or higher jumps allowed	single position*	Sequence* (ChSt)
	Single Axel may be repeated once (but not more) as	No change of foot	Must use one-half of the ice
Must not have passed higher than	a solo jump or part of a jump sequence or jump	No flying entry	surface
U.S. Figure Skating preliminary free	combination (maximum 2 single Axels)	One spin may change	Moves in the field and spiral
skate test	Number of remaining single jumps is not limited	feet and/or position	sequences are allowed but
*	provided the maximum number of jump elements	No flying entry	will not be counted as
*means required element	allowed is not exceeded	Minimum 3 revolutions	elements
	Maximum 2 jump combinations or jump sequences	Spins must be of a	Jumps may be included in
	All single jumps, including the single Axel are allowed	different character	the step sequence
	as part of a jump combination or sequence (no		
Full LLC. Figure Clusting manchembin	double jumps)		
Full U.S. Figure Skating membership	Jump combinations limited to 2 jumps. One 3-jump		
required	combination is allowed		
	 Jump sequence is any listed jump 		
	immediately followed by an axel type	Max Level: 1	
	jump.		



WELL BALANCED FREE SKATE PROGRAM

- Skaters may <u>not</u> enter both a Well Balanced Free Skate event and an Excel Free Skate event at the same competition.
- Skaters will skate to the music of their choice.
- Level will be determined by the highest free skate test passed. Skaters may compete at the highest level they have passed, or skate up one level higher.

Level/Time	Jumps	Spins	Step Sequences
	Max 5 Jump Elements	Max 2 Spins	Max 1 Sequence
No Test 1:40 Max.	 All single jumps allowed except for the single Axel No single Axels, double, triple or quadruple jumps allowed Number of single jumps (except single Axels) is not limited provided the maximum number of jump elements allowed is not exceeded Max 2 jump combinations or jump sequences Jump combinations limited to 2 jumps except that one 3-jump combination with a maximum of 3 single jumps is allowed Jump sequence is any listed jump immediately followed by an Axel-type jump (waltz jump) 	 Spins may change feet and/or position Spins may start with a flying entry Min 3 revs. These spins must be of a different character (For definition see U.S. Figure Skating rule 4103 (E)) 	 Step Sequence Must use one-half the ice surface Moves in the field and spiral sequences are allowed but will not be counted as elements Jumps may be included in the step sequence
Pre- Preliminary 1:40 Max.	 Max 5 Jump Elements All single jumps, including the single Axel, allowed No double, triple or quadruple jumps allowed Axel may be repeated once as a solo jump or part of a jump sequence or jump combination (maximum of 2 single Axels) Number of single jumps is not limited provided the maximum number of jump elements allowed is 	 Max 2 Spins Spins may change feet and/or position Spins may start with a flying entry Min 3 revs. These spins must be of a 	 Max 1 Sequence Step Sequence Must use one-half the ice surface Moves in the field and spiral sequences are
	 not exceeded Max 2 jump combinations or jump sequences Jump combinations limited to 2 jumps except that one 3-jump combination with a maximum of 3 single jumps is allowed Jump sequence is any listed jump immediately followed by an Axel-type jump 	different character (For definition see U.S. Figure Skating rule 4103 (E))	 allowed but will not be counted as elements Jumps may be included in the step sequence
	Max 5 Jump Elements	Max 2 Spins	Max 1 Sequence
Preliminary 1:30 +/- 10 sec. Max.	 1 must be an Axel-type jump or a waltz jump* All single jumps, including the single Axel, allowed. Only 2 different double jumps may be attempted (limited to double Salchow, double toe loop and double loop) Double flip, double Lutz, double Axel, triple and quadruple jumps not allowed An Axel plus up to two different, allowable double jumps may be repeated once (but not more) as solo jumps or part of a jump sequence or jump combination Number of single jumps is not limited provided the maximum number of jump elements allowed is not exceeded Max 2 jump combinations or sequences Jump combinations limited to 2 jumps except that one three jump combination with a maximum of 2 double jumps and 1 single jump is allowed Jump sequence is any listed jump immediately followed by an Axel-type jump 	 Spins may change feet and/or position Spins may start with a flying entry Min 3 revs. These spins must be of a different character (For definition see U.S. Figure Skating rule 4103 (E)) 	 Step Sequence Must use one-half the ice surface Moves in the field and spiral sequences are allowed but will not be counted as elements Jumps may be included in the step sequence



ADULT 1-6, BEGINNER-BRONZE COMPULSORY

- The skating order of the elements is optional. Element may only be attempted once.
- To be skated in simple program format with limited connecting steps, ½ ice.
- A 0.2 deduction will be taken for each element MISSING, REPEATED or from a higher level

• A Level	Time	Iction will be taken for each element MISSING, REPEATED or from a higher level Elements
10.01	·····c	Forward Marching
Adult 1	1:30	 Forward two-foot glide
	Max.	 Forward swizzle (4-6 in a row)
	intax.	
Adult 2	1.20	Forward skating across the width of the ice
Adult 2	1:30	Forward one-foot glides
	Max.	Forward slalom
		Backward skating
		Backward swizzles, 4-6 in a row
		Forward stroking using the blade properly
Adult 3	1:30	Forward half-swizzle pumps on the circle, 6 to 8 in a row, clockwise and counterclockwise
	Max.	Forward chasses on a circle, clockwise and counterclockwise
		Backward skating to a long two-foot glide
		Backward snowplow stop, Right and Left
		Forward outside edge on a circle, right and left
Adult 4	1:30	Forward inside edge on a circle, right and left
	Max.	Forward crossovers, clockwise and counterclockwise
		Hockey stop, both directions
		Backward one-foot glides, right and left
		Backward outside edge and backward inside edge on a circle, right and left
Adult 5	1:30	 Backward crossovers, clockwise and counterclockwise
	Max.	 Forward outside three-turn, right and left
		 Beginning two-foot spin (min 2 revs)
		Forward stroking with crossover end patterns
Adult 6	1:30	-
Addit 0	Max.	Backward stroking with crossover end patterns
	IVIAA.	Forward inside three-turn, right and left
		• T-stop
		• Lunge
		Two-foot spin into one-foot spin (min 2 revs on 1 foot)
		Mazurka
Adult	1:30	Waltz jump
Beginner	Max.	Forward beginning one-foot spin from backward crossovers (min 2 revs)
		Forward moving inside open Mohawk (right and left) – heel to instep
		Alternating right and left forward outside and inside edges across the width of the ice (one outside edge, right
		and left, one inside edge, right and left)
		Waltz Jump
Adult High	1:30	• ½ Flip
Beginner	Max.	Forward upright spin – minimum 3 revolutions
		Backward outside three- turn, right and left
		• Alternating right and left backward outside and inside edges across the width of the ice (one outside edge,
		right and left, one inside edge, right and left)
		Single toe loop jump
Adult Pre-	1:30	 Jump combination or sequence consisting of half revolution jumps (½ flip, ½ Lutz, ½ loop, waltz), toe loop, or
Bronze	Max.	Salchow – maximum of 2 jumps in combination and 3 jumps in a sequence
		Forward upright spin - minimum 3 revolutions
		 Two forward crossovers into a forward inside Mohawk, step down, cross behind, step into one backward
		crossover and step to a forward inside edge, clockwise and counterclockwise
		 Forward spiral (any edge)
		Single Salchow jump
Adult	1:30	 Jump combination or sequence consisting of ½ revolution jumps and/or full revolution jumps (no Lutz or Axel)
Bronze	Max.	
DI UIIZE	WIGA.	 maximum 2 jumps in combination and 3 jumps in a sequence Sale cain with an shares of fact (min 2 revolutions)
		 Solo spin with no change of foot (min. 3 revolutions) Declayer disside three type right and left
		Backward inside three-turn, right and left
		Spiral sequence (Minimum 2 spirals)- must change edge or foot



ADULT 1-6 FREE SKATE WITH MUSIC

- The skating order of the required elements is optional.
- The elements are not restricted to the number of times element is executed, or length of glides, number of revolutions, etc. unless otherwise stated. Connecting moves and steps should be demonstrated throughout the program.
- To be skated on full ice
- The skater must demonstrate the required elements and may use, but is not required to use, any additional elements from previous (lower) levels.
- A 0.2 deduction will be taken for each required element MISSING and for those elements performed from a higher level.

Level	Time	Elements
		Forward Marching
Adult 1	1:40 Max	Forward two-foot glide
		Forward swizzle (4-6 in a row)
		 Forward snowplow stop – two feet or one foot
		 Forward skating across the width of the ice
Adult 2	1:40 Max	Forward one-foot glides
		Forward slalom
		Backward skating
		Backward swizzles, 4-6 in a row
		 Forward stroking using the blade properly
Adult 3	1:40 Max	• Forward half-swizzle pumps on the circle, 6 to 8 in a row, clockwise
		and counterclockwise
		 Backward skating to a long two-foot glide
		 Forward chasses on a circle, clockwise and counterclockwise
		 Backward snowplow stop, Right and Left
		 Forward outside edge on a circle, right and left
Adult 4	1:40 Max	 Forward inside edge on a circle, right and left
		 Forward crossovers, clockwise and counterclockwise
		 Backward one-foot glides, right and left
		Hockey stop, both directions
		 Backward outside edge on a circle, right and left
Adult 5	1:40 Max	 Backward inside edge on a circle, right and left
		 Backward crossovers, clockwise and counterclockwise
		 Forward outside three-turn, right and left
		Beginning two-foot spin
		 Forward stroking with crossover end patterns
Adult 6	1:40 Max	 Backward stroking with crossover end patterns
		 Forward inside three-turn, right and left
		• T-stop
		• Lunge
		 Two-foot spin into one-foot spin (min 2 revs on 1 foot)



ADULT BEGINNER – BRONZE FREE SKATE PROGRAM WITH MUSIC

- Skaters will skate to the music of their choice and vocal music is allowed
- To be skated on full ice
- The minimum number of required spin revolutions is indicated in parentheses following the spin description. Revolutions must be in position.

Level and Time	Jumps	Spins	Step Sequences	Qualifications
Adult Beginner	Max. 4 jump elements Jumps limited to bunny hop, mazurka, ballet	Max. 2 spins Two forward upright	Connecting moves and steps should be	Skaters may not have passed tests
1:40 Maximum	and Waltz jump	spins, no change of foot,	demonstrated	higher than U.S.
1.40 Maximum	Max 1 combination or sequence consisting of	no flying entry (Min. 3	throughout the	Figure Skating Learn
	only the allowed listed jumps	revolutions)	program	to Skate USA Free
	Max. 2 of any same jump		program	Skate 1
Adult High	Max 4 jump elements:	Max 2 spins:	Connecting moves	Skaters may not
Beginner	Jumps limited to bunny hop, mazurka, ballet,	Two upright spins, change	and steps should be	have passed any
208	stag, split, waltz, ½ flip, ½ Lutz, ½ loop, toe	of foot optional, no flying	demonstrated	U.S. Figure Skating
1:40 Maximum	loop, Salchow	entry (Min. 3 revolutions)	throughout the	Free Skate tests
	Max 1 combination or sequence consisting of		program	
	only the allowed listed jumps			
	Max. 2 of any same type jump.			
Adult Pre-	Max 4 Jump Elements:	Max 2 Spins:	Connecting steps	Skaters may not
Bronze	Max 2 combinations or sequences	Max Level 1	throughout the	have passed tests
	1 jump combination may contain 3 jumps, and	Spins must be of different	program are required	higher than U.S.
1:40 Maximum	the other may contain only 2 jumps	character (for definition,		Figure Skating Adult
	Jump sequence is any listed jump immediately	see U.S. Figure Skating		Pre-Bronze or Pre-
	followed by an Axel-type jump	rule 4103 E)		Preliminary Free
	Each jump may be repeated only once and only	Min 3 revs		Skate
	as part of a combination or sequence	Spins with a flying entry		
	(maximum of 2 of any jump)	are not permitted		
	Only single and half-revolution jumps are			
	permitted			
	No single Lutz, single Axel, double or triple			
	jumps are permitted			
Adult Bronze	Max 4 Jump Elements:	Max 2 Spins:	Max 1 Sequence:	Skaters may not
	Max 2 combinations or sequences	Max Level 1	1 choreographic step	have passed tests
1:50 maximum	1 combination may contain 3 jumps, and the	Spins must be of different	sequence, fully	higher than U.S.
	other may contain only 2 jumps	character (for definition,	utilizing at least ½ of	Figure Skating Adult
	Jump sequence is any listed jump immediately	see U.S. Figure Skating	the ice surface (may	Bronze or
	followed by an Axel-type jump	rule 4103 (E))	include moves in the	Preliminary Free
	Each jump may be repeated only once, and	Min 3 revs total if no	field and spirals)	Skate
	only as part of a combination or sequence	change of foot	Additional moves in	
	(maximum of 2 of any jump)	Min 3 revs each foot if	the field, spiral and	
	All single jumps are permitted (except single	change of foot	step sequences will	
	Axel)	Min 2 revs in each	not be counted as	
	No single Axel, double or triple jumps are	position	elements but will be	
	permitted	No flying spins are	counted as	
		permitted	transitions and	
			marked as such.	



HOCKEY EVENTS – HOCKEY 1-4 ELEMENTS AND SKILLS CHALLENGE

Invite the Hockey 1-4 participants plus members of the local hockey association by creating fun and challenging skills competition. Ages should be divided by 8 & under, 10 & under, 12 & under, 14 & under, 16 & under, 18 & under, and adult. These age groups may be combined based upon number of entries.

Hockey 1-4 Elements: Each skater will perform each element when directed by a judge or referee. The following elements have been chosen for the skaters to perform. Format choice: All skaters perform first element before moving on to the next and so on **OR** each skater performs all of the required elements before moving on to the next skater.

- To be skated on 1/3 to 1/2 ice
- <u>All elements must be skated in the order listed</u>
- Time: 1:00 or less

 Hockey 1 Proper basic hockey stance, forward and backward March forward across the ice, 8-10 steps Two-foot glides and dips from forward marching Forward swizzles / double C-cuts (4-6 in a row) Stationary Snowplow Stop 	 Hockey 3 Forward C-cuts (1/2 swizzle pumps) on a circle, both directions Forward outside edges on half circles, alternating feet on the axis Forward inside edges on half circles, alternating feet on the axis Backward C-Cuts on a circle, both directions Backward snowplow stops, one foot and two feet V-stop
 Hockey 2 Forward strides using 45 degree V-Push, focus on good recovery and alternating arm drive Forward C-cuts: single leg and alternating feet in a straight line Backward hustle or march, then glide on two feet Backward swizzles / double C-cuts (4 – 6) Two-foot moving Snowplow stop 	 Hockey 4 Quick starts using forward V-Start Backward one-foot glide, right and left Forward crossovers on a circle, clockwise and counterclockwise Backward crossovers on a circle, clockwise and counterclockwise Hockey stops (to right and left, with speed)

Hockey Skills Challenge: Have skaters complete each of the five following skills competitions. Set up each station according to the descriptions below. Skaters earn points upon placement in each station (First place - 5 points, second place - 4 points, third place - 3 points, fourth place - 2 points, fifth place - 1 point). Highest combined total wins.

- 1. Shooting: Using a "shooter tutor," give each skater 10 pucks to shoot into the five holes. Alternate each shot into the different holes in the tutor. Most number of hits wins.
- 2. Fastest Skater: Starting at the center red line, have skaters complete one lap around all of the dots and behind the nets. Set up cones on each red dot to outline to course. 2-4 skaters can race at a time at different sides of the red line. Use stop watch. Fastest skater wins.
- **3.** Stick Handling: Place two rows of staggered cones down the length of ice. Have skaters stick handle through the cones down one length and back again. Shortest time wins. A missed cone is a 5-second penalty.
- **4.** Agility: Set up an obstacle course with cones for forward and backward skating, turns and stops. Fastest skater wins.
- **5.** Passing: Set up stationary targets (i.e. cones, bucket, mini-net) 25 feet away from starting line. Give each skater 10 pucks to try to hit each target. Highest number of hits wins.



THEATRE ON ICE

Theatre On Ice events may be offered at Compete USA competitions for all levels. Compete USA programs are Choreographic Exercises intended to introduce skaters to choreographic processes, themes, and movements, as well as to begin to develop a movement vocabulary that skaters can utilize throughout their skating career. While intended to model a traditional Choreographic Exercise, skaters are not required to wear black; teams may wear any color, as long as the team is uniform and matching.

Detailed information, including requirements, program lengths, and elements, is available on the <u>Theatre On Ice</u> <u>webpage</u>; for additional information, please refer to the <u>2019-2020 Theatre On Ice Guidelines</u>.

SHOWCASE EVENTS

Showcase events are open to skaters in Basic, Free Skate, Limited Beginner through Preliminary and Adult Bronze. Groups will be divided by number of entries and ages if possible. Skaters must enter at the same level as their free skate event or highest test level of skater's in the group ensemble or production number. If a free skate event is not being entered, skaters must enter at their current test level or one level higher. Vocal music is permitted.

Show costumes are permitted, as long as they do not touch or drag on the ice. Costuming and make-up for showcase programs should enhance the feeling created by the performance and reflect the meaning of the story or theme. Ornaments and hair accessories must be secure. No bobby pins, feathers, hair accessories, or anything else that may fall to the ice and be hazardous to the skaters are allowed. A 0.1 deduction will be taken. Props and scenery must be placed and removed by unaided singles and duet competitors within one minute on and off and by unaided ensemble contestants within two minutes for setup and two minutes for removal. A 0.1 deduction will be assessed by the referee against each judge's mark for each ten seconds in excess of the time allowed for the performance, for handling props and scenery and for scenery assistance.

Performances will be judged from an entertainment standpoint, for theatrical qualities. Technical skating skills and difficulty will not be rewarded as such; however, skating must be the major element of the performance and be of sufficient quality to support the selected theatrical elements. Unintended falls, poorly executed skating elements and obvious losses of control will reduce contestant's marks. Jump difficulty is not rewarded in showcase; therefore jumps, if choreographed, should be performed with style, flow and confidence. Theatrical elements evaluated will include energy, poise, acting, pantomime, eye contact, choreography, form/extension and the use of props and ice.

6.0 Judging will be used. Deductions will be made for skaters including technical elements not permitted in the event description.

* For specific guidelines regarding the conduct of Showcase competitions, refer to the Nonqualifying Showcase Guidelines posted on <u>www.usfigureskating.org</u>.

Showcase categories may include:

- Levels can be subdivided or combined, if necessary, depending on entry numbers and event set up to ensure performances are contested as per <u>the guidelines</u>.
- Dramatic entertainment: Programs should express intense emotional connection and investment in the music, choreography and theme concept through related skating movements, gestures and physical actions. The entire gamut of emotions may be expressed including intense joy and/or introspectiveness. Dramatic programs should not be depressing. Even if the emotion is sadness, there should be an enlivened feeling given to the audience.
- Light entertainment: Programs should express a carefree concept or storyline designed to uplift and entertain the audience through related skating movements, gestures and physical actions.
- Duets: Theatrical/artistic performances by any competitors.
- Mini production ensembles: Theatrical performances by three to seven competitors.
- Production ensembles: Theatrical performances by eight to 30 skaters. Theater On Ice teams are eligible as production ensembles. NOTE: Skaters may enter only one each duet, mini production or production event.



SHOWCASE EVENTS

LEVEL	ELEMENTS	QUALIFICATIONS	PROGRAM LENGTH
Basic 1-6	Elements only from Basic 1-6 curriculum	May not have passed any higher than Basic 6 level.	Time: 1:00 max.
Pre-Free Skate-Free Skate 6/ Beginner/High Beginner/ Adult 1-6/ Adult Beginner/Adult High Beginner	3 jump maximum. ½ rotation jumps only, plus the following full rotation jumps: Salchow and toe loop.	May not have passed any official U.S. Figure Skating free skate or free dance tests.	Time: 1:30 max.
No Test	No prescribed or restricted elements.	Must not have passed Pre-Preliminary Free Skate or any Free Dance tests.	Time: 1:30 max.
Pre-Preliminary	No prescribed or restricted elements.	Must have passed no higher than U.S. Figure Skating Pre-Preliminary May not have passed any free dance test.	Time: 1:30 max.
Adult Pre-Bronze	No prescribed or restricted elements.	Must have passed no higher than Adult Pre-Bronze free skate test. See National Showcase guidelines for more specific information regarding adults.	Time: 1:40 max.
Preliminary/ Adult Bronze	No prescribed or restricted elements.	Must have passed no higher than U.S. Figure Skating Preliminary free skate or Adult Bronze Free Skate or Free Dance test. See National Showcase guidelines for more specific information regarding adults.	Time: 1:40 max.

INTERPRETIVE

Competition Format

The Organizing Committee must pre-select and edit musical choices appropriate for these events. During the warm-up, skaters will hear the selection of music twice. Following the warm-up, all skaters except for the first skater will be escorted to a soundproof locker room or another area of the arena. The first skater will hear the music one more time and then perform a program to the music. As each skater performs, the next skater in line will be allowed to hear the music for the third time before they perform to the music. The listening skater will not be allowed to view the performing skater.

Levels: Levels should be broken by ability with ages divided appropriately.

Judging Rules: Skaters are judged on originality, pattern, technical (the ability to include jumps and spins) and music interpretation/expression.

Spins and jumps performed must be appropriate to competition level.

Time: Music Duration: Pre-Free Skate – Free Skate 6: 1:00 Max Beginner - Preliminary: 1:00 Max

Coaching: There is to be no instruction allowed during this event from coaches, parents, or fellow skaters. Staging area must be kept clear except for ice monitor and listening competitor.



SPINS CHALLENGE

- Spins may be skated in any order. Connecting steps are allowed but will not be taken into consideration in scoring. Spins may not be repeated. Only required elements may be included.
- All events are skated on ½ ice.
- Minimum number of revolutions are noted in parentheses.

Level	Time	Skating rules / standards
		Upright one-foot spin (3)
Beginner	1:30 max.	Upright back spin (3)
		Sit spin (3)
		Upright one-foot spin (4)
High Beginner	1:30 max.	Upright spin with change of foot (3 each foot)
		Sit spin (3)
	1.00	Upright spin with change of foot (3 each foot)
No Test	1:30 max.	Sit spin (3)
		Camel spin (3)
	1.20	Spin with one change of position and no change of foot (6)
Pre – Preliminary	1:30 max.	Backward sit spin (3)
		Camel spin (4)
Preliminary	1:30 max.	Spin with one change of foot and one change of position (min. 3 each foot) Change sit spin (min 3. each foot)
Fremmary	1.50 max.	One position spin – skater's choice (upright, sit or camel) (4)
Adult Beginner	1:30 max.	Pivot
Addit Degimer	1.50 max.	Upright two-foot spin (2)
Adult Pre-Bronze	1:30 max.	Upright one-foot spin (3)
		Upright two-foot spin (3)
Adult Bronze	1:30 max.	Upright one-foot spin (3)
		Solo spin with no change of foot (3) – must be different from the upright spin
		– may not fly



JUMPS CHALLENGE

- Each jump may be attempted twice; the best attempt will be counted.
- To be skated on ½ ice

Level	Time	Skating rules / standards
		Waltz jump (from backward crossovers)
Beginner	1:15 max.	½ flip or ½ Lutz
		Single Salchow
		Waltz jump (from backward crossovers)
High	1:15 max.	Single Salchow
Beginner		Jump combination – Waltz jump-toe loop
		Single toe loop
No Test	1:15 max.	Single loop
		Jump combination – Any two ½ or single revolution jumps (no Axel)
		Single toe loop
Pre –	1:15 max.	Single flip
Preliminary		Jump combination - Any two ½ or single revolution jumps (no Axel)
		Single flip
Preliminary	1:15 max.	Single Lutz
		Jump combination – Any single jump + single loop (may be Axel)
Adult		Mazurka or ballet jump
Beginner	1:15 max.	Waltz jump
Adult Pre-		Toe loop jump
Bronze	1:15 max.	½ flip, ½ Lutz or ½ loop
		Salchow
Adult Bronze	1:15 max.	Toe loop
		Any single jump plus a toe loop combination (no Axels allowed)



SOLO PATTERN DANCE

- Levels are based upon the skaters' highest pattern dance test passed.
- A solo pattern dance competition event will consist of the skater performing two solo pattern dances.
- The patterns to be skated depend upon which quarter of the year the competition is held. The skater will perform the two pattern dances listed for his/her level, based upon the date of the competition. If the competition falls over two quarters (for example, June 30th July 2nd), the dance will be selected based on the start date of the competition listed in the announcement (in this example, the 2nd quarter).
- Skaters will complete both of the dances at each level. Dances will be scheduled at the discretion of the Chief Referee for each competition and may be competed consecutively or with a break in-between pattern dances.

Level	January 1 st – March 31 st	April 1 st – June 30 th	July 1 st – September 30 th	October 1 st – December 31 st
Preliminary	 Dutch Waltz Canasta Tango 	 Rhythm Blues Dutch Waltz 	 Canasta Tango Rhythm Blues 	1. Rhythm Blues 2. Dutch Waltz
Pre-Bronze	 Swing Dance Cha-Cha 	 Fiesta Tango Swing Dance 	 Cha-Cha Fiesta Tango 	 Swing Dance Cha-Cha

Level	Qualifications	Selected Dances for the Season (Number of sequences to be danced in p						
		2019-2020 2023-2024	2020-2021 2024-2025	2021-2022 2026-2027	2022-2023 2027-2028			
Adult Preliminary	No higher than one pre-bronze dance test	Dutch Waltz (2) Rhythm Blues (2)	Rhythm Blues (2) Canasta Tango (2)	Dutch Waltz (2) Canasta Tango (2)	Rhythm Blues (2) Canasta Tango (2)			
	(partnered, solo, standard, adult/adult 21+ or adult 50+/masters)							
Adult Pre-Bronze	The complete preliminary dance test and no higher than one bronze dance test (partnered, solo, standard, adult/adult 21+ or adult 50+/masters)	Canasta Tango (2) Cha Cha (2)	Dutch Waltz (2) Fiesta Tango (2)	Rhythm Blues (2) Swing Dance (2)	Canasta Tango (2) Swing Dance (2)			



TEAM COMPULSORY

Format: The designated skater from each team will perform their chosen element in sequence on full ice, with no music, and will follow this format:

- 1. Minimum of three skaters on a team; each skater will do at least one required element.
- 2. When the event is called, all skaters will take the ice for a two (2) minute STROKING ONLY warm-up.
- 3. This will be followed by a one (1) minute individual warm-up for the elements.
- 4. Teams will be directed to find a "base" for their team along the boards on the ice where they will stay for the remainder of the event.
- 5. The announcer, referee or judge-in-charge will call the first element (e.g. jump or stop) to be performed.
- 6. The team member performing the element will step forward and execute the skill, with the element first being performed by the skater on team one, then team two, then team three and so on
- 7. Once all the teams have had their skaters complete the element, the next element will be called.
- 8. Judging is done with one mark for each element (skater) for total team points.
- 9. Repeat #4-7 above as this will be done in sequence until all the elements at each level are completed.

Level	Jumps / Stops	Spins / Turns / Glides	Spiral or Step Sequences
Snowplow Sam – Basic 3, Hockey 1-4	-Wiggles, two-foot swizzles forward or backward, (4-8 in a row) -Snowplow stop (one or both feet) or hockey stop (with skid)	-Curves, glide turns, or hockey turns (right and left, forward) -March then glide on two feet or forward one-foot glide on left and right foot (one-time skater's height, forward)	Forward ½ swizzle pumps or forward c-cuts on a circle (right and left, 6-8 consecutive)
Basic 4-Basic 6	-Side-toe hop, bunny hop, ballet jump, mazurka -Waltz jump	-Forward inside pivot or two-foot spin (min. 3 revs.) -One-foot upright spin, optional entry & free foot position (min. 3 revs.)	Moving forward to backward two-foot turns on a circle, clockwise and counterclockwise (from Basic 3)
Pre-Free Skate and Free Skate 1-6 levels	-Single jump (no Axel) -Jump combination or jump sequence (no Axel allowed)	-Solo spin (scratch spin, layback, camel or sit, min. 3 revs, no flying entry) -Combo Spin: One change of foot, change of position optional (min. 3 revs. on each foot)	Spiral Sequence (from Free Skate 2)
Adult 1-6	-Forward Snowplow stop -Lunge	-Forward swizzles – 4-6 in a row -Backward one-foot glide, right and left	-Forward chasses on a circle – clockwise and counterclockwise
Adult Beginner/Adult High Beginner	-Bunny hop -Waltz jump	-Beginning one-foot spin from backward crossovers -Backward inside three turn, right and left	Alternating right and left forward outside edges across width of the rink
Adult Pre- Bronze/Adult Bronze	-1/2 Flip -Salchow jump	-Forward upright spin -Backward upright spin	Two forward crossovers into a forward inside Mohawk, step down and cross behind, one backward crossover and step to a forward inside edge, clockwise and counterclockwise



SYNCHRONIZED SKATING- SNOWPLOW SAM SYNCHRO, SYNCHRO SKILLS 1-3, PRELIMINARY

The emphasis of the Learn to Skate USA synchronized skating competition is on mastering the Synchro Skills of synchronized skating:

- Unison of body alignment and learning to guide with the head.
- Control of rotation in wheels and circles.
- Straight lines in lines, blocks and intersections.
- Learning how to transition within elements with ease and clarity.
- Incorporating skills from Basic 1-6, Pre-Free Skate and Free Skate 1-2 to strengthen skating skills.
- Learning skills that will be the foundation for higher levels.
- Demonstrate ability to recognize and skate to the tempo of the music.

In order to safely practice and compete at the various levels, it is strongly recommended that skaters have mastered the elements of the Learn to Skate USA level at which they are skating (see program requirements).

Eligibility Rules: All skaters on the team must either be full U.S. Figure Skating members or members of the Learn to Skate USA program. All Learn to Skate USA Synchronized Skating teams must be registered with U.S. Figure Skating and have a team number.

In order for the team to be eligible for Snowplow Sam Synchro or Synchro Skills 1-3 events, no skaters on the team may have passed higher than a preliminary test (moves in the field, freestyle or dance). The skater's test level is as of the competition entry deadline.

No skater may compete on multiple Learn to Skate USA synchronized skating teams.

Age/Number of Skaters: Varies based on the level. The ages for Learn to Skate USA synchronized skating teams are as of the preceding July 1. If the majority of the team is younger than the listed age, consider skating "up" to the level that best meets the skaters' skill levels.

Each Synchro Skills team may have between 8-16 skaters. A Snowplow Sam Synchro team may have between 5-12 skaters. Teams may have a maximum of four alternates listed on their roster, in addition to the maximum number permitted on the ice for their respective level.

Costume Rules: Learn to Skate USA synchronized skating teams should follow **Rule 9022 Clothing and Equipment** (U.S. Figure Skating Rulebook) when selecting their clothing for competition.



SYNCHRONIZED SKATING SNOWPLOW SAM, SYNCHRO SKILLS 1-3 PRELIMINARY

Required elements – Each level has specific required elements that must be completed:

LEVEL	CIRCLE	LINE	BLOCK	WHEEL	INTERSECTION
SNOWPLOW SAM	One circle, which must contain	One line, skated forward,	One block, skated	One wheel, skated	One intersection: Two
SYNCHRO	a forward inside or outside	which must cover half ice	forward, which	forward, in any	lines facing each
5-12 skaters, majority	edge 1 foot glide and/or 2 foot	to full ice.	must cover half ice	shape.	other, 2-foot glide at
under 7 years old	glide. May have backwards		to full ice, and must		point of intersection.
Maximum 2 minutes 10	skating.		have only 1		
seconds			configuration.		
SYNCHRO SKILLS 1	One circle, which must contain	One line, which must	One block, which	One wheel of the	One intersection: Two
8-16 skaters, majority	a two foot turn.	cover half ice to full ice	must cover half ice	team's choice with	lines facing each
under 9 years old	Must contain a forward inside	and may include forward	to full ice, and must	backward pumps.	other, 2-foot or 1-foot
Maximum 2 minutes 10	and/or forward outside edge	and/or backward skating.	have only 1		glide at point of
seconds	glide. Stroking from backward		configuration.		intersection.
	to forward is permitted.				
SYNCHRO SKILLS 2	One circle, which must contain	One line, which	One block, which	One wheel of the	One intersection: Two
8-16 skaters, majority	a forward 3-turn and must	must cover full ice and	must cover the ice	team's choice with	lines facing each
under 12 years old	contain a backward inside	may include forward	and must have 1 or	backward pumps	other, 2-foot or 1-foot
Maximum 2 minutes 10	and/or backward outside edge	and/or backward skating.	2 configurations.	and/or chasses.	glide at point of
seconds	glide.				intersection.
SYNCHRO SKLLS 3	One circle, which must contain	Line element, which	One block, which	Wheel element of	One intersection.
8-16 skaters, majority at	a mohawk and must contain a	includes a change of	must cover the ice	the team's choice	
least 12 years old	backward inside and/or	configuration (1 line to 2	and must have 2	with backward	
Maximum 2 minutes 10	backward outside edge glide.	lines or 2 lines to 1 line),	different	pumps, chasses,	
seconds		and must cover full ice	configurations.	and/or crossovers.	
Minimum of two		and must include forward			
different hand holds		and backward skating.			
PRELIMINARY		One traveling element –			
8-16 skaters who are	One intersection element	Circle OR one traveling	One pivoting	One linear element-	One rotating element-
under age 12, majority		element – Wheel	element – Block	Line	Wheel OR one
under age 10					rotating element –
2:00 +/- 10 seconds		Teams may not repeat the			Circle
Minimum of two		same shape used in the	pivoting is required		
different hand holds		rotating element			Teams may not repeat
					the same shape used
		Any recognizable travel is			in the Traveling
		required			Element
					Features are optional

Restrictions in Snowplow Sam Synchro and Synchro Skills 1:

- Additional elements are not allowed (the team must do only their required elements).

- Teams may only use hand-to-hand, shoulder-to-shoulder and choo-choo holds.

- Wheels and circles may not travel, change rotational direction or change configuration.

- Lines may not pivot.

- Snowplow Sam Synchro teams: backwards skating is allowed, but not required, in the circle and is not permitted in any other elements or transitions.

- Teams may not do steps higher than Basic 6.

Restrictions in Synchro Skills 2:

- Additional elements are not allowed (the team must do only their required elements).

- Wheels may not travel, change rotational direction or change configuration.

- Circles may not change rotational direction or change configuration. Traveling is allowed, but not required.

- Lines may not pivot.

- Synchro Skills 2 teams may not do steps higher than Free Skate 2, with the exception of split jumps, stag jumps and split falling leaf jumps.

Restrictions in all levels: All of the synchronized skating "illegal elements" found in Rule 9160 of the U.S. Figure Skating Rulebook. Please reference <u>http://usfsa.org/programs?id=84096&menu=synchronized</u> for most up-to-date Learn to Skate USA Synchronized Skating rules.



SPECIAL OLYMPICS BADGE 1-12

Competition hosts can use the skills listed below to create either an elements event or program event for Special Olympics competitors. If doing a program, music can be used and will be 1:10 max.

Bac	lge 1	Ba	dge 7
A)	Stand unassisted for five seconds	A)	Backward stroking across the rink
A) B)	Sit on ice or fall and stand up unassisted	B)	Gliding backward to forward two-foot turn
C)	Knee dip standing still unassisted	C)	T-stop left or right
C) D)	March forward ten steps assisted	D)	Forward two foot turn on a circle: left and right
נט	March for ward ten steps assisted	0)	
Bac	lge 2	Ba	dge 8
A)	March forward ten steps unassisted	A)	Five consecutive forward crossovers: left and right
B)	Swizzles, standing still: three repetitions	B)	Forward outside edge: left and right
C)	Backward wiggle or march assisted	C)	Five consecutive backward ½ swizzles on a circle: left
D)	Two foot glide forward for distance of at least length		and right
	of body	D)	Two-foot spin
Bac	lge 3	Ba	dge 9
_	Backward wiggle or march		Forward outside 3 turn: left and right
B)	Five forward swizzles covering at least ten feet	B)	Forward inside edge: left and right
C)	Forward skating across the rink	C)	Forward lunge or shoot the duck at any depth
D)	Forward gliding dip covering at least length of body:	D)	Bunny hop
-,	left and right	-,	
Bac	lge 4	Ba	dge 10
A)	Backward two-foot glide covering at least length of	A)	Forward inside three-turn: left and right
	body	B)	Five consecutive backward crossovers: left and right
B)	Two foot jump in place	C)	Hockey stop
C)	One foot snowplow stop: left and right	D)	Forward spiral three times length of body
D)	Forward one foot glide covering at least length of		
	body: left and right		
	lge 5	Ba	dge 11
A)	Forward stroking across rink	A)	Consecutive forward outside edges: minimum of two
B)	Five backward swizzles covering at least ten feet		on each foot
C)	Forward two-foot curves left and right across rink	B)	Consecutive forward inside edges: minimum of two on
D)	Two-foot turn front to back, on the spot		each foot
		C)	Forward inside Mohawk: left and right
		D)	Consecutive backward outside edges: minimum of two
			on each foot
		E)	Consecutive backward inside edges: minimum of two
			on each foot
	lge 6		dge 12
	Gliding forward to backward two-foot turn	A)	Waltz jump
B)	Five consecutive forward one-foot swizzles on circle:	B)	One foot spin: minimum of three revolutions
	left and right		Forward crossover, inside Mohawk, backward
C)	Backward one foot glide length of body: left and		crossover, step forward: step sequence should be
	right		repeated clockwise and counter clockwise
D)	Forward pivot	C)	Combination of three moves chosen from badges 9-12



THERAPEUTIC SKATING 2-12

Competition hosts can use the skills listed below to create either a elements or program event for Therapeutic competitors. If doing a program, music can be used and will be 1:10 max.

The	erapeutic 2	The	erapeutic 8
	Stand on ice		Forward outside edge on a circle – R & L (3 counts each)
B)	Review falling and standing up	B)	Forward inside edge on a circle – R & L (3 counts each)
C)	March forward 4-5 steps	C)	Forward crossovers – clockwise and counterclockwise
D)	Dip/moderate knee bend in place	D)	Backward one-foot glide $- R \& L (4-5 counts each)$
E)	Forward two-foot glide from 3 marches	E)	
	erapeutic 3	,	Beginning two-foot spin – up to 2 revolutions erapeutic 9
	Forward two-foot glide from 5 marches		
	Forward swizzles – 3 in a row	A)	Backward outside edge on a circle – R & L (3 counts
B)		D)	each)
C)	Backward wiggle or walk – 3 in a row	B)	Backward inside edge on a circle – R & L (3 counts each)
D)	Beginning snowplow stop – one or two feet	C)	Introductory forward outside 3-turn – R & L
T 1.		D)	Backward crossovers – clockwise and counterclockwise
	erapeutic 4		erapeutic 10
A)	Scooter pushes – R & L, 3-4 each foot		Forward outside 3-turn – R & L
B)	Forward one-foot glides – R & L	B)	Backward alternating ½ swizzle pumps
C)	Backward wiggles into backward two-foot glide –	C)	Side toe hop/Side stepping – R & L
_ \	3 counts		Two-foot spin – 2-3 revolutions
	Rocking horse – repeat twice	E)	Hockey stop – both directions
	erapeutic 5		erapeutic 11
A)	Backward swizzles – 3 in a row	A)	Introductory forward inside 3-turn – R & L
B)	Two-foot turn, forward to backwards in place –	B)	Moving two-foot turn, backward to forward, on a circle
	clockwise and counterclockwise		clockwise and counterclockwise
C)	Curves		Forward power stroking
D)	Moving snowplow stop – one or two feet	D)	Two-foot to one-foot spin
<u>The</u>	erapeutic 6		erapeutic 12
A)	Backward skating into backward two-foot glide –	A)	Forward inside 3-turn – R & L
	5 counts	B)	Bunny hop, lunge, or shoot the duck – skater's choice, R
B)	Beginning forward stroking		or L
C)	Forward ½ swizzle pumps on a circle – 3-4	C)	Forward spiral or forward extension on a straight line –
	consecutive, clockwise and counterclockwise		R or L
D)	Moving two-foot turn, forward to backward on a	D)	One-foot spin – 2 or more revolutions
	circle – clockwise and counterclockwise	E)	T-stop – R or L
The	erapeutic 7		
A)	Forward slalom		
B)	Beginning backward one-foot glide, R&L (2 counts		
	each)		
C)	Backward ½ swizzle pumps on a circle – 3-4		
	consecutive, clockwise and counterclockwise		
D)	Forward pivot – clockwise or counterclockwise		
E)	Backward snowplow stop – R or L		

GUIDELINES FOR JUDGING

For all Compete USA approved events, the judging panel will be selected by the LOC and may include non-official judges. For a Compete USA event that is held in conjunction with a nonqualifying competition, only official judges will be appointed for all introductory levels and above.

This section on judging can be copied and shared with judges prior to the competition. It is helpful if each judge has a copy of these guidelines prior to the competition and on their clipboard as a reference. Within the "Resources" section, you will find two excel workbooks of judging sheets.

SCORING

The events will be judged using the 6.0 judging system. For most competitions, you should keep your marks within a 1-point range, such as marks between 1.0 and 1.9 or 2.0 and 2.9. Accountants prefer that you do not use numbers less than 1.0. For the Basic Elements and Compulsory events, you will give one mark per skater. For the Free Skate events, you will give two marks – a Technical mark in the first column and a Presentation mark in the second column. The total of these two marks is what places the skater. Add your marks together to make sure that you don't inadvertently tie two skaters. When the total of the two marks are the same for two skaters, the skater with the higher Presentation mark will place higher.

There will be no more than six skaters maximum in any event. As you watch each skater perform, think about the skills involved at this level and decide if this skater is:

A= proficient or advanced, strong skating skills and ready to move on to the next level

B= average skating skills, middle of the class

C= weak skating skills, clearly needs more practice before moving on to the next level

Now assign the skater a mark(s) based on how you evaluated their skating skills. Here is an example:

A= 2.7, 2.8, 2.9

B= 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6

C= 2.0, 2.1, 2.2

As each skater in the group performs, think first about what category you will see their skating A, B, or C. Then compare them to the other skaters in the group that you have placed in that same category. Decide which one is better and give that skater the higher mark. This method will help you make comparisons between skaters more quickly.

TAKING NOTES

There is space provided after each skater's name to write any notes or comments that would help you. **Use any method you like that helps you remember what you saw.** Each element that is required is listed at the top of every column. You will see that the worksheet has a column for each element that they are expected to do. You can use the notes area in any way you want to help you evaluate the skaters. Some examples are:

- 1) Write notes like "+" or "-", or "A", "B', 'C", for each required element.
- 2) Write short text notes about what was good/bad about the element.
- 3) Use a simple "1-10" evaluation of how well the element was executed.

Judges all use shorthand and abbreviations so they can write quickly and keep their eyes on the skater. You can use any technique you want, but here are some common examples:

W = Waltz jump S = Salchow T = Toe loop Lo = Loop jump F = Flip jump Lz = Lutz jump A = Axel U = upright spin S = sit spin

C = camel spin

Falls – Judges may circle or underline the jump, spin or footwork on which the fall occurred or write an arrow pointing down.

You can also add + or – after a jump, spin or footwork to help you remember if you thought it was well done or not.

DEDUCTIONS

Deductions for Snowplow Sam, Basic 1-6 and Freeskate 1-6 events:

- 0.2 for each element included from a higher level
- 0.1 omission of a required element
- 0.1-0.2 Not according to requirements/rules

Deductions for Excel and Well Balanced events:

- 0.1 from EACH mark for each technical element included that is not permitted in the event description.
- 0.2 from the technical mark for each extra or lacking element.
- 0.1 for any spin with less than required revolutions.

Keep the quality of the skater's overall performance in mind when taking deductions. There should be a penalty, but keep it in perspective. For example, if a skater includes elements in their program from a higher level, a 0.2 deduction is taken from the first mark. When assigning marks to that skater, think first about how you would rate their overall skating, category A, B, or C - choose your mark - then take the deduction as in the example below:

Skater #1 B	2.4 (2) 2.2	2.3	Total 4.5
Skater #2 B	2.5	2.5	Total 5.0
Skater #3 C	2.1	2.2	Total 4.3
Skater #4 A	2.7	2.8	Total 5.5
Skater #5 A	2.8 (2) 2.6	2.7	Total 5.3
Skater #6 C	2.0	2.0	Total 4.0

In this example, Skater #5 has dropped down to second place, but skater #1 remained in fourth place.

CONDUCT

JR 1.02 Judges shall not stand or sit together nor converse with each other or with spectators or contestants while judging. They shall not compare notes with one another and must judge independently.

Please be aware that talking with other judges during the events can create the perception of bias. Parents, coaches and skaters do pay attention to the judges' behavior. Bring any questions you have during the events to the attention of the referee in charge. The referee should have a Learn to Skate USA Instructor Manual, a Rulebook, a copy of the Competition Announcement and a copy of the Competition Manual with them during the competition.

ORGANIZATION OF THE COMPETITION

The Organizing Committee

The Organizing Committee is the group of people who will be responsible for organizing and running the competition. This committee should include a Chair, a Co-Chair, and a Treasurer. If the competition will be large, it is advisable to have a Co-Chair to share the primary responsibilities. The Co-Chair should be the next person in charge in the event that the Chair cannot fulfill his/her duties.

Remember, if you want to plan a competition and do not have a lot of volunteers, it is possible to handle all aspects of a Compete USA competition with two to five people. Additional help of up to ten people will be needed the day before the competition and the day of the competition. However, it is advisable to have some reliable committees to relieve the Chair/Co-Chair of some responsibilities.

Competition Chair: This person is responsible for delegating responsibilities to ensure that the competition runs smoothly, efficiently and successfully, from the planning stages to completing the post-competition reports. The Chair selects committee members who are reliable, qualified and committed to the sport. The Competition Chair is also responsible for setting up the competition dates through the rink, preparing the facilities, obtaining judges, and establishing the judging schedule.

It is imperative that the Chair and/or Co-Chair be available at the competition at all times.

Competition Co-Chair: This person should be knowledgeable about all aspects of the competition and available to assume any or all responsibilities of the competition should the need arise. The Competition Co-Chair must also be able to assist the various committees whenever necessary.

The Chair and Co-Chair should undertake responsibility for the following:

• Selecting Events

You may choose which events to offer (i.e. Elements, Compulsory Programs, Basic Programs, Free Skating events with music) for your competition taking into consideration the needs and levels of the skaters in your program and/or surrounding area. However, the events that you choose must follow the "Required Elements for Compete USA Competitions" listed under event categories. Please refer to the section on required elements listed in this manual.

• Setting Dates

Take into consideration other competitions and community activities going on in tandem with or around the dates you have chosen. You will want to attract as many competitors as possible. Try to pick several dates that will work and then contact the arena personnel to tentatively book ice. You may have to negotiate here, both for time and a better price. Keep in mind that many competitions and other activities are arranged as much as a year in advance.

• Obtaining Ice

In estimating the costs of ice take into consideration:

- ✓ Number of events offered/tentative schedule
- ✓ Warm-up time needed

- ✓ Time required for ice resurfacing and the number of resurfaces
- ✓ Practice ice, if desired. Practice ice can add to your bottom line. If you can offer practical hours at a modest price, entrants will utilize the ice offered. You will need a committee person to coordinate and supervise practice ice.
- ✓ Awards can be done on-ice or off-ice. (By doing off-ice awards, time and expense can be saved.)
- Announcement Try to include everything in your announcement!

Create your announcement carefully as many questions may arise that can be easily answered by checking the published announcement. When naming your competition, please include the words "Compete USA" after the name so that it is clear to all potential entrants that the competition is specific to the Compete USA structure.

Announcements should contain the following:

- 1. Date/Time
- 2. Host club or sponsoring program
- 3. Location
- 4. Rink size shape and size
- 5. Eligibility requirements
- 6. Event categories
- 7. Music requirements: Music must be provided by the skater or coach to be turned in at registration or by the deadline. Emphasize that the skater or the coach must bring more than one copy of music.
- 8. Entry information and deadline date:
 - A. Choose a closing date approximately 40 days before competition date.
 - B. Provide the address to which entries should be sent
 - C. State the above information on the opening page of announcement and reiterate this on the entry form.
- 9. Entry fees: Set fees low enough for skater to participate but high enough to cover costs incurred in running the competition.

Suggested fee not required: \$50 for first event

\$10-15 for each additional event

Fees will vary depending on your competition costs.

10. Awards: Specify which awards will be given. Every participant **MUST RECEIVE AN**

AWARD.

Suggested:

- Medals for places 1, 2 & 3
- Ribbons for 4th through 6th
- Specify when the awards will be given.
- 11. Refund Policy: This policy must be stated in the announcement. Present-day competitions usually offer no refunds unless the request is for medical reasons or cancellation of the event by the organizing committee for lack of participants.
- 12. Total Entrant Numbers: The actual number of entrants may be restricted due to time constraints and late entry policy.
- 13. Contact Person: List this contact person and phone numbers
- 14. Entry Form: Design this form to be as clear and concise as possible. Remember this may be a "first" experience in filling out such a form. Forms should include the following information:
 - A. Skater's name (printed for easy reading)
 - B. Address including zip code
 - C. Daytime/evening phone number

- D. Email address
- E. Learn to Skate USA membership number or full membership #
- F. Birth date (Very Important!)
- G. Gender
- H. Last skating level passed
- I. Name of partner (if applicable)
- J. Name of home club or rink
- K. Name/phone number of instructor
- L. Event categories listed (space for checking off which events competitor is entering)
- M. Event fees and space for computation of fees
- N. Liability Waiver most competitions now include a waiver to be signed by skater/parent on the entry form. This is necessary for your records (refer to CR 10.12 rulebook).
- O. Signatures are MANDATORY
 - 1. Skating director must be a registered Learn to Skate USA director or authorized club/group person to verify test level & membership status
 - 2. Current class instructor must be registered Learn to Skate USA Instructors
 - 3. Parent/competitor
 - 4. Liability signature; parent or guardian

By asking for the instructors and an authorized group/club person's signature on the entry form, you can help ensure that the skater has entered the appropriate event. It is strongly recommended that the instructor and authorized club/group member only sign AFTER the parents have filled out the form to ensure correctness.

- 15. Map/Lodging: Provide a map and available lodging. Also include directions to the skating facility being used.
- 16. General Information: Skaters at Learn to Skate USA levels and/or skating parents are often very unfamiliar with different levels of competition. Level titles included in the next several pages will be required at all competitions in an effort to standardize competitions throughout the U.S.

Again, it is very important to the success of the competition that skaters are placed in the correct levels. If, for whatever reason, the Competition Organizing Committee discovers that a skater has been placed in an incorrect level, the Chair and Referee will have the option to move the skater into the proper level, even if this has to be done the day of the competition. This will ensure that every event is as fair as possible to the competitors.

Skaters are required and restricted to competing at the levels prescribed in the Eligibility Rules on page 4. It is wise to state these limitations in your announcement.

If it comes to your attention that a skater has signed up for the wrong level, and the schedule has already been finalized, you will have to make some re-arrangements to place that skater in the proper level even if the realization is made on the day of the competition.

Judges/Officials

It is recommended, but not required, that you have at least one official U.S. Figure Skating judge on each panel of three judges. The Compete USA competition may use qualified skaters and/or instructors who are 16 years of age or older and/or persons who are trial judging for appointments. The Competition Chair may wish to enlist a referee who may assist in the selection of the additional judges and officials and to serve as liaison between the judges, accountants, and skaters.

The Chief Referee may also be expected to create the judges' schedule for the events and handle any concerns that may occur over such issues as a skater's group placement, results or judges' conduct. Invite judges and officials (i.e., referee, accountant, etc.) as soon as announcement is complete and has been approved. Please send the judges' schedule at least two weeks prior to the competition. Make sure that the panel of selected judges has familiarity with the Learn to Skate USA curriculum and event structure.

Schedule judges panels in 45-60 minute blocks. Provide judges with at least a 15 minute break between assignments and 45-60 minutes for meals. Each panel of judges should designate a referee or spokesperson for that panel. Make sure the judges are well informed as to what you expect of the competitors (taken from your exact requirements listed in the announcements) so that they are able to make deductions as needed. Instruct the judges to do their best to avoid ties but plan your medal needs based on several ties.

Schedule a judges meeting prior to the beginning of the competition to familiarize them with the logistics and events of your competition. Make sure to discuss deductions for moves that are not permitted within the event descriptions. This might be a good time to go over their schedule for the day so that they will know what to expect. If you are unable to meet with the judges before the competition, please send them their schedule in the mail or via email.

Budget:

Set up a tentative budget of income and expenses, i.e.

Revenue:	Entries
	Late entries
	Sale of practice ice
	Sale of souvenirs
	Sale of flowers
	Video and/or photographers
	Sale of results
	Sale of additional programs
	Vendor fees/commissions (check policy about outside vendors)
Expenses:	Ice time
	Reimbursement for officials travel expenses
	Room rental
	Printing:
	- Announcement
	- Program
	- Signs
	Postage
	Hospitality - food/other
	Competitor packet contents

Awards (medals & ribbons) Officials' gifts Possible refunds Purchase costs of flowers to sell

Treasurer

This person is responsible for maintaining the competition budget, accounts receivable and accounts payable. He/she should complete a financial statement at the conclusion of the competition that will be submitted to the competition chairman. It may be necessary to open a special bank account for this competition for which there should be two signatures on file. Sometimes it is possible to run this competition through a club or group account, thus saving the expense of opening a special account.

• Committees:

Depending on the size of the competition, many of the committees and/or responsibilities can be combined. The following should be covered by committees:

- Accounting: This committee is responsible for setting up the accounting area and providing the necessary supplies as requested by the selected accountants. It is strongly recommended that the services of an official accountant be acquired. Accounting may be done manually or by computer as needed. The accountant will generate a skating order for each event that should be posted and distributed as indicated before the competition begins. A recommended list of deductions can be found after the "Events" section of this manual. The accountant will direct the judges as to how they wish the score sheets to be filled out, will tabulate the judges' score sheets and generate a results sheet that can be used for awards.
- Announcing: It is important that the announcer(s) selected keep the events moving as scheduled and even make up a little time where necessary. He/she should be organized, articulate and should have a reasonable knowledge of the sport. Announcers should not be required to work in shifts of more than two hours at a time. It is suggested that a "script" be prepared ahead of time. The announcer(s) should be provided with the skating order for each event (generated in Accounting) and an up-to-date time schedule of the events on a clipboard with pencils.
- **Music**: This committee organizes and plays the music used during the competition. The music coordinator should see that a complete set of proper labels for your competition is given to the registration people. This committee is also responsible for ensuring that the music equipment including proper hookup to the arena speaker system is available along with microphones for announcing. There should be back up equipment in case of emergency.
- Ice Monitors: These individuals will be located at the entrance to the ice surface and will inform the skaters and coaches of the skating order during the competition. They help keep the competition running on schedule by announcing and finding the competitors, with the help of a runner, for warm-up groups. The ice monitors will need some kind of communication with the announcer, referee and music personnel so that any changes can be communicated quickly. For the Elements and Compulsory Events, when there are multiple groups competing on the ice at the same time, work out the traffic pattern prior to the start of the event and keep it consistent during these events.

- **Runners:** The runner's main function is to help the ice monitors locate missing skaters and to deliver the judges' papers to the accounting room as quickly as possible. They may also be expected to post results and run errands as needed for the officials.
- Ushers/Security: If it is expected that your event will draw a large audience, you may wish to have several people perform usher/security duties. These volunteers have two duties: (1) Assist skaters and spectators in finding dressing rooms, spectator seating, etc. and minimize traffic in the stands and in skater, official and accounting areas. (2) Assist with making informational signage to be posted throughout various competition areas in the arena. This information includes: award time schedules, location of the area where the awards will be given, location of the rest rooms, reminder signs i.e., "pick up music at registration after competition" and any other information that will facilitate getting around your rink more comfortably.
- Arena: A designated person will be responsible for coordinating with the arena personnel, schedule times, special use of space, locker rooms, rest room maintenance, music equipment, judging areas, benches, floor mats, allocation of rooms, etc. If possible make a written checklist for the personnel and also, if possible, allow a little time for your group to clean up and clear out of the facilities following the competition.
- Awards: This committee is responsible for obtaining competition awards, making sure an award presentation area is available, and scheduling the presentation of awards. This is a good area to make use of your photographer for photo opportunities. Suggested Awards: Medals for 1st, 2nd, and 3rd place. Ribbons may be used for all remaining competitors in each group. These can usually be purchased locally at a modest price. Scheduling of awards should be posted around the rink. There is less confusion if the awards are done for each group as soon as the results are posted. Some competitions do them for several groups during the ice resurfaces. However, do whatever meets your needs the best.
- **Promotion and Publicity**: This committee is responsible for publicizing the competition via local media i.e., television, radio, local newspapers. A detailed media release may be prepared and sent out several weeks prior to the competition and follow-up contact should be made about a week before the competition. After the competition, results may be reported to those who have received the media releases. The committee members and the instructors are instrumental in promoting the competition at your skating facility to in-house skaters and within the local skating community. Arena management may also be contacted for assistance.
- **Sponsors**: Corporate/business sponsorship is difficult to obtain. If you plan to solicit sponsors take the time to prepare a professional, well-planned kit. Sponsorship is a lot more than just having a business donate money or a product or service to your group. You must sell your event to the sponsor in a way indicating how the sponsor will benefit. If you know someone to contact inside a company who allocates the sponsorship funds, services or products, use those sources to make initial contact with the company.
- Program: If a program will be published, this committee arranges all aspects of program creation, including typesetting, layout and printing of the program, and soliciting advertising if desired. The program will include the skating schedule and the individual events with the names of the entrants in each group. If compulsories are being offered, designate the exact end of the rink for each event. There should be an acknowledgment of the competition

officials and judges. A letter from the competition chairman is also appropriate. Program costs can be covered by selling advertisements. A simple program can be created by someone on the committee, put on a computer word processing program and printed at a local printing company at a modest expense to the competition. It can be assembled and stapled by your committee people very efficiently. Determine whether the programs will be complimentary or whether they will be sold at the competition. If they are to be sold, decide on a modest price as well as deciding if any complimentary copies will be available to skaters and officials.

• **Souvenir Sales**: If souvenirs or skater services are to be available, this committee can determine the items or services plus the prices.

These may include the sale of the following items with your competition logo:

- Sweatshirts
- T-shirts
- Mugs
- Cups
- Water bottles
- Hats

Fresh flowers may be sold properly wrapped for presentation.

An engraver may be provided to engrave medals before people leave the competition. A photographer/videographer should be made available.

You may wish to contact clothing, jewelry, miscellaneous vendors to come to your competition if you have space available. A one-time space charge could be made. Remember, you are making friends for the future, perhaps larger competitions, so it might be wise to keep charges modest.

Caution: Be sure to check with your arena management regarding any contractual agreements they may have with their pro shop before inviting vendors.

- **Medical:** While it is hoped that no medical problems arise, plans must be formulated for medical emergencies. If you have a club/group member who is a physician or nurse, perhaps that person will be willing to be responsible for this area. He/she can determine what type of medical assistance is necessary for the event. It may be advisable to send advance notice of the competition to your local police and medical services team in case of a serious emergency situation.
- **Registration**: This committee has a broad range of responsibilities. The Registration Committee can be your greatest asset when it comes to accommodating the new competitor and the parents. This is the first contact of the day and can make or break attitudes toward your competition. The committee's responsibilities include receiving entries, receiving income, reviewing skater eligibility, setting up each event and determining the entrants in each event. They are also responsible for disseminating information on the skating events and the approximate time of each individual's event through some form of communication i.e., the posting of skating times on the official bulletin board, if this is a closed competition, or by mail to each entrant if this is an open competition. Remember to inform all skaters to be at the rink and checked in at least 45 minutes prior to their event as

they will be scratched from that event if they are not on time. All of the above information should be given to the accountant along with a copy of the official announcement and the judge's schedule.

• Event Time Scheduling: To determine the amount of ice time needed for the entire competition, take the entry forms and separate them by level, age, and gender. Boys and girls may be grouped together, but wherever it is possible it is advised to keep family members separate. Groups will include no more than six skaters' maximum. When more than one group is needed, divide the competitors by age. Add the times together from all of the events for the total amount of ice time required. Remember to note multiple events if a skater will be competing in more than one event. Since your competition will likely be run in one day, try to space entrants doing several events in a manner so that they will have time to get a breather or change clothing as needed.

Depending on the ice surface size, the ice can be divided into sections so that multiple events can occur at the same time. If possible, keep these events to one on each end of the ice surface. Consider this factor when scheduling the events and when acquiring judges. Inform the skaters which end of the ice they will be skating on.

From the total events you have and from the number of skaters skating in more than one event, design a schedule that will make running the competition as convenient as possible for all involved. Don't forget warm-ups and ice resurfacing when setting up a schedule. After all the events have been entered in a time table, thoroughly review the sheets to make sure all events and all skaters are included. This cuts down on any last minute crisis. Write the time next to each event.

Registration people are also responsible for the competitor's registration table that should be set up in a highly visible, convenient location in the rink. The table is manned according to an announced schedule by persons who are fully knowledgeable with the competition.

• **Music:** Music for the events should be turned in at the time of registration. CDs must be labeled with the skater's name and event. A full set of proper labels furnished by the music coordination group should be made up ahead of time. Music will be categorized by event and delivered to the person playing music several events before needed. All music must be returned from the music committee to the registration desk for pick up by the skater after the event is finished.

When the competitors arrive at the rink, they should be instructed to check in at the registration table immediately. The registration person will provide the competitor with the skating schedules, usually in the program, and other pertinent competition information. If skater packets are to be prepared, this committee can be responsible for assembling them prior to registration and then distributing the packets to the skaters. It is wise to have someone sign for the packets as you can afford to give the packets to competitors **only**.

Hospitality: These volunteers will be responsible for providing hospitality for skaters, judges, volunteers, and coaches. For the officials, volunteers and coaches, refreshments should be readily available throughout the competition. You may want to provide snacks and, depending on the length of the competition, also provide a light meal or two. This committee is also responsible for planning any judges' and officials' receptions, competitor parties, etc.

Volunteers are the backbone of every organization. Express your appreciation for their efforts by providing a comfortable hospitality area with a variety of refreshments. Don't forget the coaches; they too will welcome a cup of coffee and a place to sit for a few minutes.

A little extra effort in this area will go a long way in making your competition a success and your volunteers willing to do it again.

TIMELINE FOR COMPETITION ORGANIZATION

Four months prior to event:

- Select Chair/Co Chair/Treasurer
- Determine dates
- Contact rink manager
- Create announcement
- > Apply for approval of Compete USA competition and Learn to Skate USA approval number
- > Apply for a sanction if offering events pre-juvenile and beyond
- Formulate initial budget particularly the source of funding for printing and mailing (needed up front)

Three months prior to event:

- Check on respective approvals if not already received
- Invite judges and officials if sanctions have been received
- Estimate number of medals/ribbons needed
- Contact vendors regarding availability and lead time necessary for ordering
- Make contacts with vendors and inform them of competition dates and schedules, and inquire if they wish to commit to your event

Two months prior to event:

- Send announcement and entry forms out to competitors
- Host a meeting with committee people
- Make all banking arrangements
- > Sell the competition through members and instructors at your rink
- Solicit any competition sponsors/free gifts

Four to five weeks prior to event:

Entry deadline

Four weeks prior to event:

- At closing date of entries work quickly to set up groups and the schedule, which will include ice resurfacing and warm-up times
- Gather together program materials
- Order medals and ribbons
- Gather supplies for competitor goodie bags such as local souvenirs, discount coupons from community restaurants, candy, toys, etc.

Two weeks prior to event:

- Order sale flowers
- Coordinate food/beverage needs
- Contact vendors collect information regarding their needs
- > Mail individual skating times with practice schedule to competitors
- > Add information regarding general competition protocol
- Send judges' commitment confirmation along with judges' schedules
- Send accounting: (a) announcement, (b) listing of groups, (c) judges' schedule

One week prior to event:

- Update rink manager on needs for competition do a walk-thru if possible
- Send media release

- > Be sure all competitor packet materials have arrived begin filling packets
- Finish program contents and send to printer if doing in house, this can wait until day before competition

One day prior to event:

- Set up all areas at the arena
- > Finish filling competitor packets
- Finish assembling programs if done in house or see that they have been delivered from the printer
- Sort out awards and decide how they will be handled

Day of event

> See that you have good ice, music, announcers, skaters, and start on time!

Make it a fun day for all!